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UNIT 4:WOMEN AND POWER



مفردات النصوص في الصفحة 62 من الوحدة 4

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Goodwill ambassador سفير النوايا

To win a gold medal أن تربح ميدانية ذهبية

Non- governmental organizations المنظمات الغير مية

Peasant women

Women laborers

Maidservants

To win an award

She earned a degree شهادة/

A screenwriter کاتبت سیناریو تلفزیه

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To struggle

The independence Manifesto

To set foot on the moon

To raise Morocco 's flag

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<u>Strenghten Your Vocabulary</u>
verbs that go with award and degree

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Award

جائزة récompense To grant an award يمنح جائزة The soldier was granted an award for his bravery.

To present an award ان تقدم جائزة The governor presented the award to the winners.

To receive an award يستلم جائزة

To earn an award يکسب جائزة

To get an award يحصل على جائزة

To refuse an award پرفض جائزة

A degree

درجة جامعية. To award a degree پينح درجة King Hassan the second was awarded several honour degrees

To receive a degree پستام درجهٔ Students receive an university degree when they finish their course.

To take a degree باخذ درجة

To study for a degree أن تدرس للحصول على درجة

To gain an award أن تربح جائزة

To hold a degree أن تكون حاصل على درجة

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To struggle

To struggle against racism/ poverty/ injustice أن تناضل ضد العنصرية / الفقر/ الظلم Nielsen Mandela struggled against racism in South Africa.

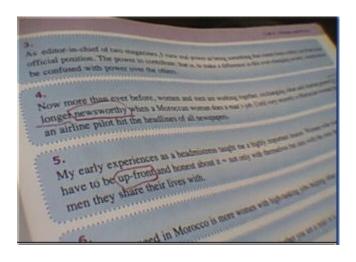
To struggle with somone تتصارع مع أحد She struggled with her husband to let her go.

To struggle fro justice أن تكافح من أجل العدالة

InetCourt. Online !! To struggle bravely/ desperately أن تكافح بشجاعة / أن تناضل لأقصى حد

To struggle to do something أن تكابر من أجل القيام بشيء

أهم مفردات النصوص **65**



Women working incredibly hard

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للمز بد

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نساء يعملن بجدية لا يمكن تصورها /تصديقها

They are outstanding performers هن يؤدون _عملهم_

To run a company أن تدير

I am for power-sharing

Key

Assets عنه

To rely upon

neicour online fil Newsworthy خبر يستحق الحديث عنه في الصحافة

Upfront صريح و مواجه للحقيقة

Women with high-ranking jobs نساء دوى أعمال ومهن رفيعة المستوى

A good citizen

Asking and Giving opinion

درس الصفحة 70

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Erreur! هنا ك حدة حبارات نستعملها للتعيير عن السؤال رأي أو إعطاء رأي في الجدول أسفله تجدون أهم هذه التعايير

Giving an opinion إعطاء الرأي	Asking about opinion طنب الرأي	Agreeing with an opinion الاتفاق حول رأي	Disagreeing with an opinion الاختلاف حول رأي
- I think - If you ask me I would - I feel	- Do you think I? - What about? - Don't you think?	 I see what you mean. You're right about that. That could be a good idea. 	- I've never thought about it that way I am afraid, I can't agree with you

A complete list of irregular verbs for bac2 students

or bac2 students

الغير المنتظمة بالنسبة لأ الباكلوريا
لائحة شافية وكافية مع أمثلة في الأخير لبعض الأفعال الجديدة
لا تحتاج مع هذه

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! Erreur

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2-7 IRREGULAR VERBS: AN ALPHABETICAL LIST

Note: Verbs followed by a bullet (•) are defined at the end of the list.

SIMPLE FORM	SIMPLE PAST	PAST PARTICIPLE	SIMPLE FORM	SIMPLE PAST	PAST PARTICIPL
arise	arose	<i>ar</i> isen	forbid	forbade	forbidden
be	was,were	been	forecast•	forecast	forecast
bear	bore	borne/born	forget	forgot	forgotten
beat	beat	beaten/beat	forgive	forgave	forgiven
become	became	become	forsake•	forsook	forsaken
begin	began	begun	freeze	froze	frozen
bend	bent	bent	get	got	gotten/got*
bet•	bet	bet	give	gave	given
bid•	bid	bid	go	went	gone
bind•	bound	bound	grind•	ground	ground
bite	bit	bitten	grow	grew	grown
bleed	bled	bled	hang**	hung	hung
blow	blew	blown	have	had	had
break	broke	broken	hear	heard	heard
breed•	bred	bred	hide	hid	hidden
bring	brought	brought	hit	hit	hit
broadcast•	broadcast	broadcast	hold	held	held
build	built	built	hurt	hurt	hurt
burn	burned/burnt	burned/burnt	keep	kept	kept
burst•	burst	burst	kneel	kneeled/knelt	kneeled/knelt
buy	bought	bought	know	knew	known
cast•	cast	cast	lay	laid	laid
catch	caught	caught	lead	led	led
choose	chose	chosen	lean	leaned/leant	leaned/leant
cling•	clung	clung	leap	leaped/leapt	leaped/leapt
come	came	come	learn	learned/	learned/
cost	cost	cost		learnt	learnt
creep•	crept	crept	leave	left	left
cut	cut	cut	lend	lent	lent
deal•	dealt	dealt	let	let	let
dig	dug	dug	lie	lay	lain
do	did	done	light	lighted/lit	lighted/lit
draw	drew	drawn	lose	lost	lost
dream	dreamed/	dreamed/	make	made	made
	dreamt	dreamt	mean	meant	meant
eat	ate	eaten	meet	met	met
fall	fell	fallen	mislay	mislaid	mislaid
feed	fed	fed	mistake	mistook	mistaken
feel	felt	felt	pay	paid	paid
fight	fought	fought	put	put	put
find	found	found	quit***	quit	quit
fit	fit/fitted	fit/fitted	read	read	read
flee•	fled	fled	rid	rid	rid
fling•	flung	flung	ride	rode	ridden
fly	flew	flown	ring	rang	rung

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SIMPLE FORM	SIMPLE PAST	PAST PARTICIPLE	SIMPLE FORM	SIMPLE PAST	PAST PARTICIPLE
rise	rose	risen	spring•	sprang/sprung	sprung
run	ran	run	stand	stood	stood
say	said	said	steal	stole	stolen
see	saw	seen	stick	stuck	stuck
seek•	sought	sought	sting•	stung	stung
sell	sold	sold	stink•	stank/stunk	stunk
send	sent	sent	strike•	struck	struck/stricken
set	set	set	strive•	strove/strived	striven/strived
shake	shook	shaken	string	strung	strung
shed•	shed	shed	swear	swore	sworn
shine	shone/shined	shone/shined	sweep	swept	swept
shoot	shot	shot	swim	swam	swum
show	showed	shown/showed	swing•	swung	swung
shrink•	shrank/shrunk	shrunk	take	took	taken
shut	shut	shut	teach	taught	taught
sing	sang	sung	tear	tore	torn
sink•	sank	sunk	tell	told	told
sit	sat	sat	think	thought	thought
sleep	slept	slept	throw	threw	thrown
slide•	slid	slid	thrust•	thrust	thrust
slit•	slit	slit	understand	understood	understood
smell	smelled/smelt	smelled/smelt	undertake	undertook	undertaken
speak	spoke	spoken	upset	upset	upset
speed	sped/speeded	sped/speeded	wake	woke/waked	woken/waked
spell	spelled/spelt	spelled/spelt	wear	wore	worn
spend	spent	spent	weave•	wove	woven
spill	spilled/spilt	spilled/spilt	weep•	wept	wept
spin•	spun	spun	win	won	won
spit	spit/spat	spit/spat	wind•	wound	wound
split•	split	split	withdraw	withdrew	withdrawn
spoil	spoiled/spoilt	spoiled/spoilt	write	wrote	written
spread•	spread	spread			

(e.g., butter on bread,

•Definitions of some of the less frequently used irregular verbs:

attention to (deal with)

bet	wager; offer to pay money	forecast predict a future occurrence
	if one loses	forsake abandon or desert
bid	make an offer of money, usually at a public sale	grind crush, reduce to small pieces
bind	fasten or secure	seek look for
breed	bring animals together to	shed drop off or get rid of
	produce young	shrink become smaller
broadcast	send information by radio waves; announce	sink move downward, often under water
herene	explode; break suddenly	slide glide smoothly; slip or skid
	[1] - (- 1) - (- 1	
cast		slit Cut a narrow opening
cling	hold on tightly	spin turn rapidly around a
creep	crawl close to the ground;	central point
	move slowly and quietly	split divide into two or more
deal	distribute playing cards to	parts
	each person; give	spread push out in all directions

spring . . jump or rise suddenly for a still position sting . . . cause pain with a sharp object (e.g., pin) or b (e.g., by an insect) stink . . . have a bad or foul smell strike . . hit something with force strive . . try hard to achieve a go swing .. move back and forth thrust .. push forcibly; shove weave . . form by passing pieces of material over and uneach other (as in mal baskets, cloth) weep ... cry wind . . . (sounds like find) turn around and around

*

أهم مفردات النص صفحة 66

Remarkable Leila Abouzeid



To excel in

A semi-autobiography شبه سیرهٔ ذاتیهٔ Worth reading

Reported Speech

STYLE هو ما يعرف بالفرنسية ب Reported speech INDIRECT

أي أن شخص ما يقول شيء ويريد أخر أن يردد نفس الكلام بنسبه إلى صاحبه

مثال على ذلك رئيس دولة يخطب لشعبه و يقول **

إذا أراد مذيع الأخبار إذاعة نفس الخبر في الأخبار فليس بامكانه القول

بل سيقول قال السيد الرئيس أنه سيوفر لكم العمل والأمان أي أنه يطرأ على الجملة الأصلية بعض التغييرات و هذا ما يعرف ب REPORTED SPEECH

هذا الجدول يوضح جميع قواعد
Reported speech
في أحد صيغ الماضي عندما يكون فعل التقديم

! Erreur

12-7 REPORTED SPEECH: VERB FORMS IN NOUN CLAUSES

a) "I watch TV every day." b) "I am watching TV." c) "I have watched TV."	REPORTED SPEECH → She said she watched TV every day. → She said she was watching TV. → She said she had watched TV.	Reported speech refers to using a noun clause to report what someone has said. No quotation marks are used.	
d) "I watched TV." e) "I had watched TV." f) "I will watch TV." g) "I am going to watch TV." h) "I can watch TV." i) "I may watch TV." j) "I must watch TV." k) "I have to watch TV."	 → She said she had watched TV. → She said she had watched TV. → She said she would watch TV. → She said she was going to watch TV. → She said she could watch TV. → She said she might watch TV. → She said she had to watch TV. → She said she had to watch TV. 	If the reporting verb (the main verb of the sentence, e.g., said) is simple past, the verb in the noun clause will usually also be in a past form, as in the examples.	
1) "I should watch TV." "I ought to watch TV." "I might watch TV."	 → She said she should watch TV. → She said she ought to watch TV. → She said she might watch TV. 	In (I): should, ought to, and might do not change to a past form.	
 (m) Immediate reporting: —What did the teacher just say? I didn't hear him. —He said he wants us to read Chapter Six. (n) Later reporting: —I didn't go to class yesterday. Did Mr. Jones make any assignments? —Yes. He said he wanted us to read Chapter Six. 		Changing verbs to past forms in reported speech is common in both speaking and writing. However, sometimes in spoken English, no change is made in the noun clause verb, especially if the speaker is reporting something immediately or soon after it was said.	

وكما هو واضح فان الفعل يتغير من

Past Present

past perfect Simple past

continuous past continuous Present

could Can

should Shall

might May

would Will

to Must had

i was going to I am going to

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هذه هي التغييرات المهمة في الدرس ولكن يجب الحذر من أنه عندما يكون الفعل التقديم في زمن من أزمنة المضارع فلا يجب تغيير زمن

<u>says</u> I am driving home" the driver"

<u>home says he is driving</u> The driver

هنا نحتفظ بنفس الزمن ____

لا حظ عندما أغير الفعل التقدمي إلى الماضي <u>said</u> I am driving home » the driver » <u>said he was driving home</u> The driver

بعض الأفعال التقديمية تستوجب تطبيق قواعد مغايرة هذه الأفعال هي



Examples

patient Take this medicine » the doctor advised his » medicine to take The doctor advised his patient

to + infinitive

his warned Don't stay out late at night » the doctor » patient

late at out <u>not to stay warned his patient</u> The doctor night

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<u>infinitive</u> + Not to

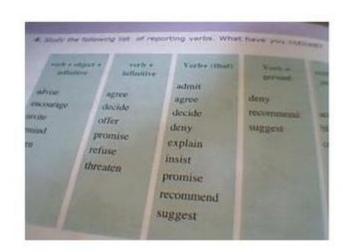
<u>student insisted the</u> « I take those courses » those courses <u>taking insisted on</u> The student

On + veb + ing

<u>the man suggested</u> "rest Why don't you take some" rest some <u>should take suggested that you The man</u> should + Suggest that

offered I will help you "the teacher"
help offered to The teacher
infinitive + Offered + to

هناك جدول في الكتاب المدرسي فيه جرد لجميع هذه الأفعال و ذلك في الصفحة 72



Nith Willing of the State of th